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<p>(54) Title: BICYCLIC TACHYKININS ANTAGONISTS, PREPARATION THEREOF AND THEIR USE IN PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION</p> <p>(57) Abstract</p> <p>This invention relates to novel compounds of general formula (I) and to pharmaceutical compositions containing them.</p> $ \begin{array}{c} \text{R}_1 \text{---} \overset{1}{\underset{ }{\text{CH}}} \text{---} \overset{2}{\underset{ }{\text{CH}}} \text{---} \overset{3}{\underset{ }{\text{X}_3}} \text{---} \overset{4}{\underset{ }{\text{CH}}} \text{---} \overset{5}{\underset{ }{\text{X}_5}} \text{---} \overset{6}{\underset{ }{\text{CH}}} \text{---} \overset{7}{\underset{ }{\text{X}_7}} \text{---} \overset{8}{\underset{ }{\text{CH}}} \text{---} \overset{9}{\underset{ }{\text{R}_3}} \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \\ \text{X}_1 \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{Y} \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{X}_4 \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad (\text{CH}_2)_n \qquad \qquad \qquad \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad (\text{CH}_2)_m \qquad \qquad \qquad \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \qquad \\ \text{R}_4 \text{---} \overset{4}{\underset{ }{\text{CH}}} \text{---} \overset{5}{\underset{ }{\text{X}_5}} \text{---} \overset{6}{\underset{ }{\text{CH}}} \text{---} \overset{7}{\underset{ }{\text{X}_7}} \text{---} \overset{8}{\underset{ }{\text{CH}}} \text{---} \overset{9}{\underset{ }{\text{R}_3}} \end{array} \quad (I) $			

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BYCYCLIC TACHYKININS ANTAGONISTS, PREPARATION THEREOF AND THEIR USE IN PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to novel bi-cyclic compounds useful in
5 pharmaceutical compositions as tachykinins antagonists, and to
pharmaceutical compositions containing them.

Background of the invention

The receptor NK₂ of tachykinins is widely expressed in the
peripheral nervous system of Mammalia. One of the several effects
10 caused by the selective stimulation of the receptor NK₂ is the
contraction of the smooth muscles. Therefore, antagonists of the
receptor NK₂ can be considered agents able to control the
hypercontraction of the smooth muscles in any pathological condition in
which the release of the tachykinins contributes to the rise of the
15 correspondent disorder. In particular, the bronchospastic component of
asthma, cough, pulmonary irritations and local spasms of the urinary
bladder and of the ureter during cystitis, infections and renal colics
can be considered conditions in which the administration of receptor
NK₂ antagonists can be effective (A.L. Magnan et al. *Neuropeptides*,
20 1993, 24, 199). Compounds which act as antagonists of the tachykinins,
and in particular of the neurokinin A, are well-known in Literature.
Among them, the cyclic compounds (B. J. Williams et al. *J. Med. Chem.*,
1993, 36, 2) are of particular interest. Lipophilicity has been defined as
an essential requirement in order to have an intensive antagonist
25 activity to the receptor NK₂ of the tachykinins of a series of cyclic
peptides (L. Quartara et al. *J. Med. Chem.*, 1994, 27) and

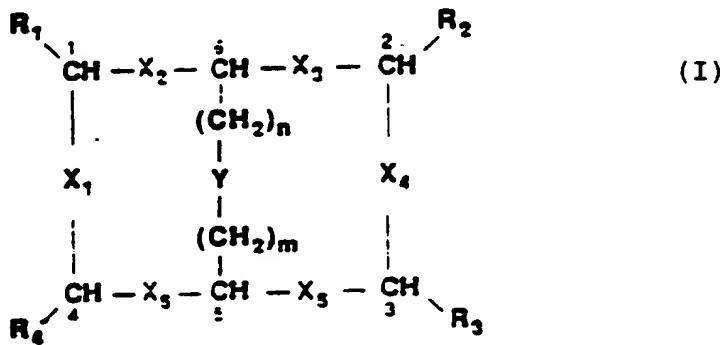
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particularly in case of bicyclic hexapeptides. WO/ 93/21227). Surprisingly it has been now found that products structurally similar to those described above, but in which, however, at least one hydrophilic group is present, not only keep their high affinity *in vitro*, but also show an increase in the pharmacological activity *in vivo* if compared to the correspondent compounds which do not contain any hydrophilic group.

This is even more surprising if it is taken into account that monocyclic peptides having antagonist properties which are similar to those of the tachykinins do not show any increase in the pharmacological activity when hydrophilic groups are introduced onto the structure of the cycle [Int. J. Peptide Protein Res. (1984), 44:2, 105-111].

Summary

15 This invention relates to novel compounds of the general formula (I):



wherein:

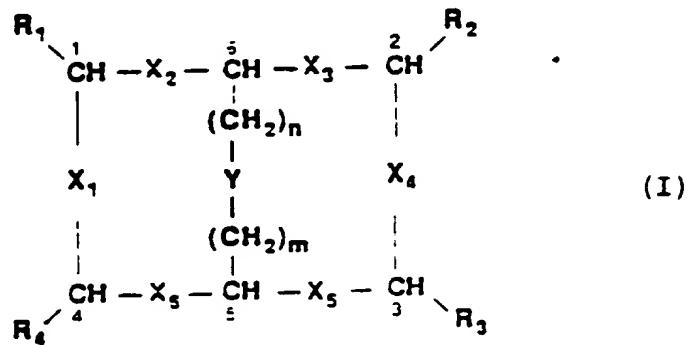
X_1 , X_2 , X_3 , X_4 , X_5 , and X_6 , same or different from one another, represent a $-NR'CO-$ or a $-CONR'-$ group, wherein R' is H or C_{1-3} alkyl;

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Y represents a group selected from -NRCO-, -CONR-, or -SS-
 wherein R is H or C₁₋₃ alkyl;
 at least one of the R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄ groups, same or different from
 one another, is hydrophilic and the remaining groups are hydrophobic;
 5 m and n, same or different from one another, are each an integer
 number from 1 to 4;
 and to pharmaceutical compositions containing them.

Detailed description of the Invention

The present invention relates to novel compounds having the general
 10 formula (I)



wherein

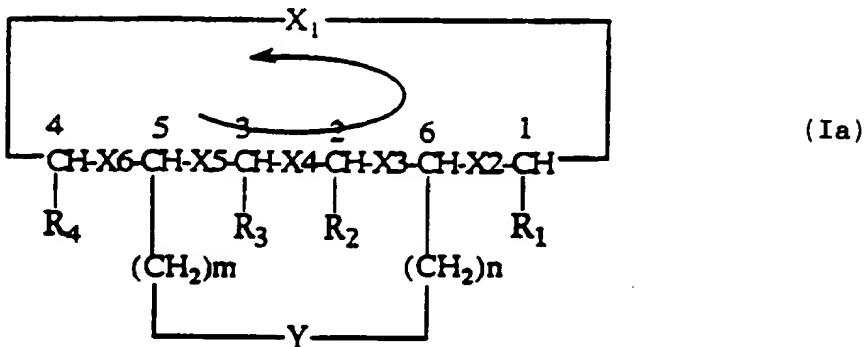
X₁, X₂, X₃, X₄, X₅, X₆; Y, R₁, R₂, R₃, R₄, m and n groups are as
 defined above;

processes for the preparation thereof and pharmaceutical compositions
 containing them.

The formula (I) as reported above is considered the one giving the

15 best representation of the real spatial structure of the bicyclic
 peptide according to the invention. However also the following Formula
 (Ia) (which chemically speaking is identical to Formula (I)) is given

in order to simplify the understanding of the compounds described hereinafter and in the Examples with their chemical name in particular in so far as the groups X_{1-6} and Y are concerned.



The groups X_{1-6} and Y are in fact defined according to the aminoacid-sequence from the formal N- to the C-terminus of the peptide as they are represented in the linear structure, therefore reading Formula (Ia) no problem arises in the understanding of the linear structure as reported in the Examples.

As it can be seen, the compounds of formula (I) as described above present chiral centers: it is understood that this invention relates also to the several enantiomers.

More particularly the hydrophobic groups can be separately selected from the following:

- a) groups $\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n+1}$ wherein n= 0, 1-4
- b) linear- or branched alkyl groups corresponding to $\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n}-\text{U}-\text{W}$ wherein n= 1-4; U= O, COO, CONH, S and W= alkyl-, aryl or alkylaryl-group containing from 1 to 15 carbon atoms
- c) $(\text{CH}_2)_n-\text{C}_6\text{H}_3-\text{A}-\text{B}$ wherein n= 0, 1-3; A and B, placed in any of the ortho, m ta or para positions, sam or different from on another.
- d) $(\text{CH}_2)_n-\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}\text{R}'$, wherein n= 0, 1-3 and R'= H, C_{1-3} alkyl

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e) $(CH_2)_n$ -heterocycle, wherein n= 0, 1-3 and for heterocycle it is meant: imidazolyl-2-yl, indolyl-3-yl, furanyl-3-yl, pyridyl-3-yl, imidazolyl-3-yl

5 f) a $-(CH_2)_s-$ group, wherein s= 3, 4, eventually OH-substituted or condensed with an aromatic group, which cyclizes with one of the two adjacent X_{1-6} groups in order to produce the side chain of proline, hydroxyproline, octahydroindol-2-carboxylic acid, tetrahydroisoquinolinic acid

10 g) the side chain of a natural hydrophobic amino acid
h) the side chain of a natural hydrophilic amino acid, suitably substituted in order to render it hydrophobic

15 i) the side chain of non-natural hydrophobic amino acids selected from the group consisting of: norleucine, norvaline, alloisoleucine, cyclohexylglycine (Chg), α -amino-n-butyric acid (Aba), cyclohexylalanine (Cha), aminophenylbutyric acid (Pba), phenylalanines mono- and di- substituted in the ortho, meta and para positions of the benzene ring with one or more of the following groups: C₁₋₁₀ alkyl, C₁₋₁₀ alkoxy, halogen, β -2-thienylalanine, β -3-thienylalanine, β -2-furanylalanine, β -3-furanylalanine, β -2-piridylalanine, β -3-piridylalanine, β -4-piridylalanine, β -(1-naphthyl)alanine, β -(2-naphthyl)alanine, O-alkylated serine- threonine- tyrosine-derivatives, S-alkyl cysteine, S-alkyl homocysteine, N-alkyl lysine, N-alkyl ornithine, N-alkyl 2,3 diaminopropionic acid.

20 More particularly, the side chain of a hydrophobic amino acid according to paragraph (g) is the side chain of an amino acid selected from the group consisting of: glycine, alanine, valine, isoleucine, methionine, phenylalanine, tyrosine, tryptophan, proline, histidine,

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asparagine, glutamine.

The side chain of a hydrophilic amino acid, suitably substituted in order to render it hydrophobic according to paragraph (h) is the chain of an amino acid selected from the group consisting of: serine, threonine, cysteine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, t-carboxyglutamic acid, arginine, ornithine, lysine.

5 5 threonine, cysteine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, t-carboxyglutamic acid, arginine, ornithine, lysine.

Preferably, the hydrophilic groups are selected from L-Q group, wherein L is a chemical bond or a linear or branched C₁₋₆-alkyl residue and Q is a hydrophilic group. Preferably Q is selected from 10 the group consisting of: guanidine, amine, M, OM, -CO-NH-M, -NH-CO-M, an aromatic group which has been mono-, di- or tri-substituted in ortho, meta, para positions with M or OM groups, wherein M is a hydrophilic group.

With the term "hydrophilic group", for Q and M, it is preferably 15 meant:

- i) eventually substituted mono-, di-, tri-glycosidic residues;
- ii) C₁₋₆ linear or cyclic alkyl chains comprising one or more polar groups;
- iii) hydroxyl, amine, guanidine, carboxyl, sulfate, phosphonate,
- 20 phosphate;
- iv) residues bearing substituted hydrophilic groups which in biologic environment are hydrolysated, re-establishing the hydrophilic function.

As far as the definition according to paragraph (i) hereinabove is concerned, the following structures are preferably meant:

hexoses or pentoses of the D or L series in α or β configuration, selected from the group wherein: all C atoms bear a free or protected

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hydroxylic group; one or more hydroxyls are substituted by: hydrogen, an amino or acylamino group; C₆ of hexoses and C₅ of pentoses are part of a carboxylic group; and wherein the eventually present 2 or 3 glycosidic units are linked by a glycosidic bond of α or β configuration.

5 Specific examples of glycosidic groups as defined above are: D or L ribose, D or L arabinose, D or L xylose, D or L lyxose, D or L allose, D or L altrose, D or L glucose, D or L mannose, D or L gulose, D or L idose, D or L galactose, D or L talose, D or L allulose, D or L 10 fructose, D or L sorbose, D or L tagatose; 5-deoxy-D or L-arabinose, 2-deoxy-D or L-glucose, 2-deoxy-D or L-galactose, 2-deoxy-D or L-arabinose, 2-deoxy-D or L-ribose, D or L fucose, D or L rhamnose; D-glucosamine, D-mannosamine, D-galactosamine, daunosamine, acosamine and N-acylate derivates thereof with lower fatty acids, i.e. having a 15 N-formylic, acetylic, propionilic, butyric residue; glucuronic acid, galacturonic acid, cellobiose, lactose, maltose, D-lactosamine, celiotriose, maltotriose and protected derivates thereof.

The definition according to paragraph (ii) hereinabove applies to chains deriving from a polyol-residue, such as 20 tris(hydroxymethyl)methyl, D or L arabitol, D or L erythrol, D or L galactytol, meso-inositol, D or L mannitol, D or L perseitol, D or L ribitol, D or L sorbitol, D or L xylitol; or those deriving from the residue of tartaric acid, glucaric acid, gluconic acid, bycine, quinic acid, mucic acid, glucosaminic acid.

25 Among the products of formula (I) as above indicated, the products wherein if one or both R₁ and R₄ groups are hydrophilic, both R₂ and R₃ groups are hydrophobic and viceversa, are particularly preferred.

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Compounds of formula (I) object of the present invention can be synthetized by the various techniques known in Literature, see e.g. M. Bodansky, "Peptide Chemistry", Springer-Verlag, 1988.

For example by means of in solution synthesis of the linear peptidic chain through subsequent coupling of suitably activated N-protected amino acids to an amino acid or to a C-protected peptidic chain, with isolation of the intermediates, subsequent selective de-protection of the C- and N-terminal chains, cyclization in polar organic solvents in diluted solution, hence selective de-protection of the side chains and at last cyclization of the same in polar organic solvents in diluted solution. The hydrophilic residue can be introduced both as protected amino acid derivative during the peptidic chain synthesis and by means of conjugation to the already formed peptide, as widely disclosed in Literature. Similarly a synthesis in solid phase of the peptidic chain from the C-terminal end to the N-terminal one on a insoluble polymeric support, the cyclization in solid phase between the previously de-protected side chains, the subsequent detachment from the polymeric support by means of hydrolysis in anhydrous hydrofluoric acid containing the suitable scavengers or in trifluoracetic acid containing the suitable scavengers or in aqueous bases and the cyclization of the monocyclic peptide in polar organic solvents in diluted solution, can be used for the preparation. The hydrophilic residue being introduced according to the above disclosed indications. According to a particular preparation method, the desired product can be obtained in solid phase using the 2-chlorotrytil resin (Barlos et al., Int. J. Peptide Protein Res., 37, 513-520, 1991) substituted with a protected amino acid having the Fmoc group at the N-terminal end;

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preferably the amino acid directly bond to the resin is the one having the R₁ or R₃ side chain. After the other amino acids being introduced in the sequence, the peptide is detached from the resin with diluted acetic acid and a first cyclization is performed between the free C-terminal and N-terminal end by means of the conventional classic synthesis methods. Subsequently, the amino acid side chains are deprotected in position 5 and 6, for example with trifluoracetic acid, and way is given to the second cyclization.

Other synthetic ways are anyway possible and largely described in literature as above mentioned.

The compounds of formula (I) as above indicated have revealed to be powerful antagonists of the receptor NK₂ of the tachykinins, and hence may be administered in doses which are not higher than those required for the known products.

They can be therefore indicated for the treatment of arthritis, asthma, inflammations, tumoral growth, gastro-intestinal hypermotility, Huntington's disease, neurites, neuralgia, hemicrania, hypertension, urinary incontinence, urticaria, symptoms from carcinoid disease, flu and colds.

The compounds of formula (I) object of the present invention are suitable for the parenteral, oral, inhalatory and sublingual administration for therapeutical purposes to the superior animals and to the humans, achieving pharmacological effects according to the above described features. For parenteral administrations (endovenous, intramuscular and intradermic) sterile solutions or lyophilized chemical preparations are used. For nasal, inhalatory and sublingual administrations, according to the particular instance,

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aqueous solutions, aerosol preparations or capsules are used.

The doses of active principle in the above compositions can be comprised between 0.1 and 10 mg/kg of body weight.

EXAMPLE 1.

5 Preparation of cyclo([Asn(β -D-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 1) compound of formula (I) wherein Y=X₁=X₂=X₃=X₄=X₅=X₆=-CO-NH-; R₁=-CH₂-CH(CH₃)₂; R₂=-CH₂-C₆H₅, R₃=-CH₂indolyl-3-yl. R₄=-CH₂-CO-NH-(β -D-Glc); m=n=1 and the carbon atoms C₁, C₂, C₃, C₄, C₅, C₆ have L configuration].

10 a) synthesis of the linear peptide H-Asn[(Ac₄O)- β -D-Glc]-Asp(OtBu)-Trp-Phe-Dap(Boc)-Leu-OH.

1 g of 2-chlor trityl resin (1.6 mmol/g, Novabiochem) is functionalized with Fmoc-Leu-OH (0.6 eqs.) as described by Barlos et al.. Int. J. Peptide Protein Res.. 1991, 37, 513-520. The substitution degree of the resin is determined by dosing the group Fmoc, and it is equal to 0.364 meq/g. The subsequent 4 amino acids are coupled as free acids using an excess 3 of amino acid and HOBr (4 eqs.) and DCC (3 eqs.) as activators with reaction times of 1 hour. In the following order: Fmoc-Dap(Boc)-OH, Fmoc-Phe-OH, Fmoc-Trp-OH, Fmoc-Asp(OtBu)-OH are added. The last amino acid is coupled as Fmoc-Asn[(Ac₄O)- β -D-Glc]-OPfp (Christiansen-Brams et al.. J.Chem.Soc. Perkin Trans. I. 1993, 1461-1471), 2 eqs., with HOBr (2 eqs.) as activator, for 3h.

After the de-protection of the group Fmoc, the detachment from the resin is performed, suspending it in 10 mL of a mixture of AcOH, TFE, DCM (1/1/8, v/v) at room temperature for 0.5 h. Thereafter the solvent is evaporated und r vacuum at 30°C. it is again mixed with wat r and it is lyophiliz d. Yield in raw product: 405 mg (90 %). Title HPLC: 70

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%. FAB-MS: $[M+H]^+$ = 1266; t_r : 14.7 min.

b) Synthesis of the bicyclic product cyclo([Asn((Ac₄O)- β -D-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (compound 2).

The linear raw product is cyclized in 1 mM solution in DMF, at 4°C,
5 with 1 eq. of PyBOP and 1.2 eqs. of DIEA for 1 h. The mixture is dried
and purified in HPLC obtaining 156 mg of the pure product (yield 39
%). Title HPLC:>99 %. FAB-MS: $[M+H]^+$ =1248; t_r : 18.4 min.

The monocyclic product is de-protected by solving it in 15 ml of TFA
containing water at 10 %. After 0.5 h. the mixture is diluted in water
10 and it is lyophilized. The residue is dissolved in 1 mM solution in
DMF, the solution is brought to 0°C and 1 eq. of PyBOP and 1.2 eqs. of
DIEA are added. After 5 h, it is dried and purified in HPLC. Yield 45
% (70 mg). Title HPLC> 99 %. FAB-MS: $[M+H]^+$ = 1074; t_r : 13.5 min.

c) Synthesis of the bicyclic product cyclo ([Asn(β -D-Glc)-Asp-Trp-
15 Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β))

70 mg of tetraacetylate product are dissolved in anhydrous methanol in
5 mM solution. The solution is brought to -20°C and a 1 mM solution of
sodium methylate in methanol is added to achieve pH = 11. After 10'
acetic acid is added to achieve neutral pH, high dilution with water
20 and lyophilization follow. Yield 60 %. Title HPLC: 98 %. FAB-MS:
 $[M+H]^+$ = 906; t_r : 9.3 min.

EXAMPLE 2

Preparation of cyclo([Ser(β -D-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β))
(SEQ ID No. 2) [compound of Formula (I) wherein: Y=X₁=X₂=X₃=X₄=X₅=X₆=-
25 CO-NH-; R₁= -CH₂-CH(CH₃)₂; R₂= -CH₂-C₆H₅; R₃= -CH₂-indolyl-3-yl; R₄= -
CH₂-O-(β -D-Glc); m = n = 1 and C₁, C₂, C₃, C₄, C₅, C₆ carbon atoms
have L configuration].

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a) synthesis of linear peptide H-Ser[(Bz₄O)-β-D-Glc]-Asp(OtBu)-Trp-Phe-Dap(Boc)-Leu-OH.

The same procedure which has been used for Example 1), paragraph a), is utilized here till the addition of the last amino acid, which is 5 coupled as Fmoc-Ser[(Bz₄O)-β-D-Glc]-OPfp (obtained by the procedure which has been described by Vargas-Berenguel et al., J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. I. 1994, 2615, 2619).

The detachment occurs as described above.in Example 1). Yield in raw product: 450 mg (83 %). Title HPLC: 93 %. FAB-MS: [M+H]⁺ = 1487; t_r: 10 20.8 min.

b) Synthesis of bicyclic product cyclo([Ser[(Bz₄O)-β-D-Glc]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)).

The linear raw product is cyclized in 1mM solution in DMF, at 4°C, with 1 eq. of PyBOP and 1.2 eqs. of DIEA for 1 h. The mixture is dried 15 and purified in HPLC, obtaining 0.16 g of pure product (yield 35 %).

Title HPLC: >99 %. FAB-MS: [M+H]⁺ = 1469; t_r: 25.3 min.

The monocyclic product is de-protected by liquefying it in 10 mL of TFA containing water at 10 %. After 0.5 h the mixture is diluted in water and it is lyophilized. The residue is dissolved in 1mM solution 20 in DMF, the solution is brought to 0°C and 1 eq. of PyBOP and 1.2 eqs. of DIEA are added. After 24 h it is dried and purified in HPLC. Yield 63 mg (45 %). Title HPLC: >99 %. FAB-MS: [M+H]⁺ = 1295; t_r: 21.6 min.

c) Synthesis of bicyclic product cyclo([Ser(β-D-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)).

25 20 mg of tetrabenzoylate product are dissolved in anhydrous methanol in 5mM solution. The solution is brought to -20°C and a 1mM solution of sodium methylate in methanol is added to achieve pH = 11. Aft r 1.5

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h acetic acid is added to achieve neutral pH, high dilution with water and lyophilization follow. Yield: 6.5 mg (48%). Title HPLC: > 99%. FAB-MS: $[M+H]^+$ = 878; t_r : 9.6 min.

By similar procedures, the following compounds have been obtained:

5 EXAMPLE 3

cyclo([Asn(β -D-2-deoxy-2-amino-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 3) [compound of Formula I] wherein R_4 = $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CO-NH-}(\beta\text{-D-2-deoxy-2-amino-Glc})$ and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

10 EXAMPLE 4

cyclo ([Asn(β -D-2-deoxy-2-acetamido-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]
cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 4) [compound of Formula I] wherein R_4 = $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CO-NH-}(\beta\text{-D-2-deoxy-2-acetamido-Glc})$ and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

15 EXAMPLE 5

cyclo ([Nle-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Asn(β -D-2-deoxy-2-acetamido-Glc)]
cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 5) [compound of Formula I] wherein R_1 = $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CO-NH-}(\beta\text{-D-2-deoxy-2-acetamido-Glc})$, R_4 = $-(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{-CH}_3$] and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

20 EXAMPLE 6

cyclo([Asn(β -D-ribofuranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β))
(SEQ ID No. 6) [compound of Formula I] wherein R_4 = $-\text{CH}_2\text{-CO-NH-}(\beta\text{-D-ribofuranosyl})$ and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

25 EXAMPLE 7

cyclo([Ser(β -D-ribofuranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β))
(SEQ ID No. 7) [compound of Formula I] wherein R_4 = $-\text{CH}_2\text{-O-}(\beta\text{-D-}$

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ribofuranosyl), and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 8

cyclo ([Asn (β -L-arabinofuranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo

5 (2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 8) [compound of Formula I) wherein R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH-(β -L-arabinofuranosyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 9

cyclo ([Ser (β -L-arabinofuranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo

10 (2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 9) [compound of Formula I) wherein R₄= -CH₂-O-(β -L-arabinofuranosyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 10

cyclo([Asn(β -D-mannopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β))

15 (SEQ ID 10) [compound of Formula I) wherein R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH-(β -D-mannopyranosyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 11

cyclo([Ser(β -D-mannopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β))

20 (SEQ ID No. 11) [compound of Formula I) wherein: R₄= -CH₂-O-(β -D-mannopyranosyl) and the other substituents are ad defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 12

cyclo ([Asn (β -D-galactopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo

25 (2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 12) [compound of Formula I) wherein R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH-(β -D-galactopyranosyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

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EXAMPLE 13

cyclo([Ser(β -D-galactopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)
(SEQ ID No. 13) [compound of Formula I] wherein R₄= -CH₂-O-(β -D-galactopyranosyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example
5 1].

EXAMPLE 14

cyclo ([Asn(β -D-glucuronopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo
(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 14) [compound of Formula I] wherein R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH-(β -D-glucuronopyranosyl) and the other substituents are as defined
10 in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 15

cyclo([Ser(β -D-glucuronopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo
(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 15) [compound of Formula I] wherein R₄= -CH₂-O-(β -D-glucuronopyranosyl) and the other substituents are as defined in
15 Example 1].

EXAMPLE 16

cyclo ([Asn(1-deoxy-sorbitol-1-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo
(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID 16) [compound of Formula I] wherein R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH-1-deoxy-sorbitol-1-yl) and the other substituents are as defined in
20 Example 1].

EXAMPLE 17

cyclo ([Asn[4-O-(α -D-Glc)- β -D-Glc)]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo-
(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 17) [compound of Formula I] wherein R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH-[4-O-(α -D-Glc)- β -D-Glc)] and the other substituents are as defined
25 in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 18

cyclo([Asn[4-O-(α -D-galactopyranosyl)- β -D-Glc]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-

- 16 -

Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 18) [compound of Formula I) wherein R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH-[4-O(β -D-galactopyranosyl)- β -D-Glc)] and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 19

5 cyclo ([Asn [0- α -D-Glc-(1-4)-O- α -D-Glc-(1-4)- α -D-Glc]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 19) [compound of Formula I) wherein: R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH-[0- α -D-Glc-(1-4)-O- α -D-Glc-(1-4)- α -D-Glc) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 20

10 cyclo([Asn(D-2-deoxy-glucopyranos-2-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 20) [compound of Formula I) wherein R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH-(D-2-deoxy-gluco-pyranos-2-yl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 21

15 cyclo ([Dap[D(-)-quinyl]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 21) [compound of Formula I) wherein: R₄= -CH₂-NH-[D(-)-quinyl], and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 22

20 cyclo ([Dap[D-gluconyl]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 22) [compound of Formula I) wherein: R₄= -CH₂-NH-(D-gluconyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 23

25 cyclo ([Dap[D-glucuronyl]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 23) [compound of Formula I) wherein R₄= -CH₂-NH-(D-glucuronyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 24

cyclo ([Dap(2-sulfo-benzoyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo (2 β -5 β))

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(SEQ ID No. 24) [compound of Formula I) wherein: R₄= -CH₂-NH-CO-C₆H₄-SO₃H and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 25

cyclo ([Asn (4-sulfo-phenyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo (2β-5β))

5 (SEQ ID No. 25) [compound of Formula I) wherein R₄= CH₂-CO-NH-C₆H₄-SO₃H and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 26

cyclo([Asn(β-L-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 26)

[compound of Formula I) wherein R₄= -CH₂-CO-NH(β-L-Glc) and the other
10 substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 27

cyclo([Asn(β-D-2-deoxy-glucopyranos-2-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-
Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 27) [compound of formula I) wherein R₄
= -CH₂-CO-NH-(D-2-deoxy-glucopyranos-2-yl) and the other substituents
15 are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 28

cyclo ([Asn(D-2-deoxy-mannopyranos-2-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]-
cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 28) [compound of formula I) wherein R₄ = -
CH₂-CO-NH-(D-2-deoxy-mannopyranos-2-yl) and the other substituents are
20 as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 29

cyclo ([Asn(D-2-deoxy-galactopyranos-2-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]-
cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 29) [compound of formula I) wherein R₄ = -
CH₂-CO-NH-(D-2-deoxy-galactopyranos-2-yl) and the other substituents
25 are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 30

cyclo ([Asn(β-D-xylopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2β-5β))

- 18 -

(SEQ ID No. 30) [compound of formula I) wherein R₄ = -CH₂-CO-NH-(β-D-xylo-pyranosyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 31

5 cyclo ([Asn(3-sulfo-propionyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo-(2β-5β))
(SEQ ID 31) [compound of formula I) wherein R₄ = -CH₂-CO-NH-(3-sulfo-propionyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 32

cyclo ([Dap(Lysyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 32)
10 [compound of formula I) wherein R₄ = -CH₂-CO-NH-(Lysyl) and the other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 33

cyclo ([Dap(Arginyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 33)
[compound of formula I) wherein R₄ = -CH₂-CO-NH-(Arginyl) and the
15 other substituents are as defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 34

cyclo ([Dap(4-O-β-D-galactopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo-(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 34) [compound of formula I) wherein R₄ = -CH₂-CO-NH-(4-O-β-D-galactopyranosyl) and the other substituents are as
20 defined in Example 1].

EXAMPLE 35

cyclo ([Asn(2-deoxy-2-trifluoroacetamido-β-D-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 35) [compound of formula I) wherein R₄ = -CH₂-CO-NH-(2-deoxy-2-trifluoroacetamido-β-D-Glc) and the other
25 substituents are as defined in Example 1].

BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY

The capability of the compounds of the present invention to interact

- 19 -

as agonists or antagonists with the neurokinin A (NKA) receptor has been valued in a in vitro test using the pulmonary artery of a rabbit (RPA) (Rovero et al., *Neuropeptides*, 1989, 13, 263-270) and their activity was determined as pK_B (antilogarythm of the dissociation constant), as described in Jenkinson et al., *TiPS*, 12, 53-56, 1991. For example, compound 2 has shown a pK_B = 8.67. The capability of the products of the present invention to interact as agonists or antagonists with NKA receptor has been valued in vivo as capability, after intravenous administration, to inhibit the agonist [betaAla⁸] NKA (4-10)-induced contractions of the urinary bladder in the anaesthetized mouse, as described in Maggi et al., *J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther.*, 1991, 257, 1172. Compound 1, e.g., causes, at dose of 10 nmol/Kg i.v., an inhibitory effect of 50-70 %, as it has been valued at different times. The effect lasts over a period of more than 3 hours.

ABBREVIATIONS:

Asn(β-D-Glc): N^ε-(-D-glucopyranosyl)-L-asparagine

Asn[(Ac₄O)-β-D-Glc]: N^ε-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl)-L-asparagine

Fmoc-Asn[(Ac₄O)-β-D-Glc]-OPfp: N^ε-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl)N^α-(fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-L-asparagine pentafluorophenyl esthere

Ser(β-D-Glc): O^ε-(β-D-glucopyranosyl)L-asparagine

Ser[(Bz₄O)-β-D-Glc]: O^ε-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzoyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl)L-asparagin

Fmoc-Ser[(Bz₄O)-β-D-Glc]-OPfp: O^ε-(2,3,4,6-tetra-O-benzoyl-β-D-

- 20 -

glucopyranosyl)N^a-(fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl)-L-serine

pentafluorophenyl ester.

Glc: glucopyranosyl

SEQUENCE LISTING

(1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

(i) APPLICANT:

- (A) NAME: A. MENARINI INDUSTRIE FARMACEUTICHE RIUNITE Srl
- (B) STREET: Via Sette Santi, 3
- (C) CITY: Firenze
- (D) STATE: Firenze
- (E) COUNTRY: Italy
- (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): 50131
- (G) TELEPHONE: 055-56801
- (H) TELEFAX: 055-5680615

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: Bicyclic compounds, preparation thereof and use in pharmaceutical compositions

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 35

(iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

- (A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
- (B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
- (C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
- (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25 (EPO)

(vi) PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER: IT FI 95 A 000044
- (B) FILING DATE: 13-MAR-1995

(vi) CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

- (A) APPLICATION NUMBER:
- (B) FILING DATE:
- (C) CLASSIFICATION:

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-Glc), wherein Glc is glucopyranosyl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 2:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser is Ser(β -D-Glc), wherein Glc is glucopyranosyl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 2:

Ser Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 3:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-2-deoxy-2-amino-Glc), wherein Glc is glucopyranosyl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 3:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-2-deoxy-2-acetamido-Glc), wherein Glc is glucopyranosyl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 4:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 5:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Nle, i.e. norleucine

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-2-deoxy-2-acetamido-Glc), wherein Glc is glucopyranosyl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Nle and Asn are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 5:

Xaa Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 6:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-ribofuranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 6:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 7:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser is Ser(β -D-ribofuranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 7:

Ser Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -L-arabinofuranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 8:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser is Ser(β -L-arabinofuranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 9:

Ser Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 5

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 1

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-mannopyranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 1 and 6

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 2 and 5

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 10:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 11:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 5

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 1

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser is Ser(β -D-mannopyranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 11:

Ser Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 12:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-galactopyranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 12:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 13:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser is Ser(β -D-galactopyranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 13:

Ser Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 14:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-glucuronopyranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 14:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 15:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 5
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 1
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser is Ser(β -D-glucuronopyranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Ser and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 15:

Ser Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 16:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 5
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 1
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(1-deoxy-sorbitol-1-yl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 16:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 17:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn[4-O-(α -D-Glc)- β -D-Glc], wherein Glc is glucopyranosyl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 17:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 18:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn[4-O-(β -D-galactopyranosyl- β -D-Glc)]

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 18:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 19:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn[O- α -D-Glc-(1-4)-O- α -D-Glc-(1-4)- α -D-Glc], wherein Glc is glucopyranosyl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 19:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 20:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 5

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 1

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(D-2-deoxy-glucopyranos-2-yl)

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 1 and 6

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 2 and 5

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 20:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 21:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid

(C) STRANDEDNESS: single

(D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 1

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap[D(-)-quinyl]

(ix) FEATURE:

(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site

(B) LOCATION: 5

(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Dap[D(-)-quinyl] and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 21:

Xaa Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 22:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap[D-gluconyl]

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Dap[D-gluconyl] and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 22:

Xaa Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 23:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap[D-glucuryl]

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Dap[D-glucuryl] and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 23:

Xaa Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 24:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap(sulfo-benzoyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Dap(sulfo-benzoyl) and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 24:

Xaa Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 25:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(4-sulfo-phenyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 25:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 26:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -L-Glc), wherein Glc is glucopyranosyl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 26:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 27:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-2-deoxy-glucopyranos-2-yl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 27:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 28:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(D-2-deoxy-mannopyranos-2-y1)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 28:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 29:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(D-2-deoxy-galactopyranos

2-y1

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 29:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 30:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 1
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(β -D-xylopyranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 5
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 30:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 31:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
(A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
(B) TYPE: amino acid
(C) STRANDEDNESS: single
(D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 1
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(3-sulfo-propionyl)

(ix) FEATURE:
(A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
(B) LOCATION: 5
(D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 31:

Asn Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 32:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap(Lysyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Dap(Lysyl) and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 32:

Xaa Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 33:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap(Arginyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Dap(Arginyl) and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 33:

Xaa Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 34:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap(4-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl)

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Dap(4-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl) and Le
are bound together to form a first cycl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to
form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 34:

Xaa Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

(2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 35:

(i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

- (A) LENGTH: 6 amino acids
- (B) TYPE: amino acid
- (C) STRANDEDNESS: single
- (D) TOPOLOGY: bicyclic

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn is Asn(2-deoxy-2-trifluoro-acetoamido- β -D-Glc, wherein Glc is glucopyranosyl

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Xaa is Dap, i.e. diamino propionic

(ix) FEATURE:

- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 1 and 6
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asn and Leu are bound together to form a first cyclo

(ix) FEATURE:

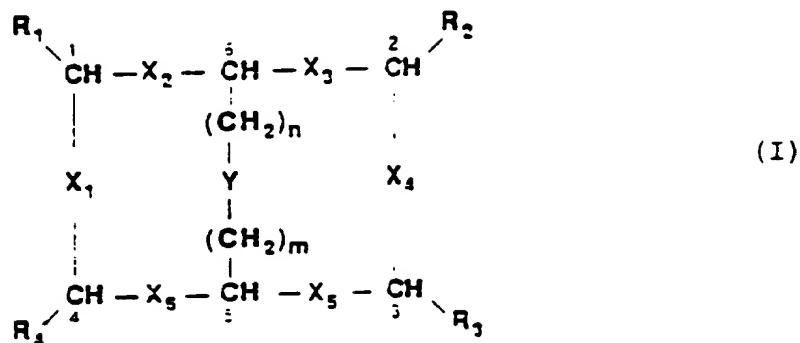
- (A) NAME/KEY: Modified-site
- (B) LOCATION: 2 and 5
- (D) OTHER INFORMATION: Asp and Dap are bound together to form a second cyclo

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 35:

Xaa Asp Trp Phe Xaa Leu
1 5

CLAIMS

1. Bicycl compounds of general Formula



2 wherein X_1 , X_2 , X_3 , X_4 , X_5 and X_6 , same or different from one another,
 3 represent a $-\text{NR}'\text{CO}-$ or a $-\text{CONR}'-$ group, where R' is H or C_{1-3} alkyl;
 4 Y represents a group selected from $-\text{NRCO}-$, $-\text{CONR}-$ or $-\text{SS}-$
 5 wherein R is H or C_{1-3} alkyl;
 6 at least one of R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 groups, same or different from one
 7 another, is hydrophilic and the remaining groups are hydrophobic;
 8 m and n, same or different from one another, are each an integer
 9 number from 1 to 4.

1 2. Compounds as claimed in claim 1, wherein the hydrophobic groups can
 2 be separately selected from the following:
 3 a) groups corresponding to $\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n+1}$ wherein n= 0, 1-4;
 4 b) linear or branched-alkyl groups corresponding to $\text{C}_n\text{H}_{2n}-\text{U-W}$ wherein
 5 n= 1-4; U= O, COO, CONH, S and W= alkyl-, aryl- or alkylaryl-group
 6 containing from 1 to 15 C atoms;
 7 c) $(\text{CH}_2)_n-\text{C}_6\text{H}_3-\text{A-B}$ wherein n= 0, 1-3; A and B, placed in any of the
 8 ortho, meta or para positions, same or different from one another,
 9 represent H, halogen, OR, NHR, NR₂, CH₃, SR where R is an alkyl-,
 10 aryl- or alkylaryl-group with less than 10 C atoms;

11 d) $(CH_2)_n-C_6H_{10}R'$, wherein n= 0, 1-3 and R'= H, C_{1-3} alkyl
12 e) $(CH_2)_n$ -heterocycle, wherein n= 0, 1-3 and by the term heterocyclic
13 imidazolyl-2-yl, indolyl-3-yl, furanyl-3-yl, piridyl-3-yl, imidazolyl-
14 3-yl are meant;
15 f) a $-(CH_2)_s-$ group wherein s = 3, 4, eventually OH-substituted or
16 condensed with an aromatic group, which cyclizes with one of the two
17 adjacent X_{1-6} groups in order to produce the side chain of proline,
18 hydroxyproline, octahydroindol-2-carboxylic acid, tetrahydroiso-
19 quinolinic acid;
20 g) the side chain of a natural hydrophobic amino acid;
21 h) the side chain of a natural hydrophilic amino acid, suitably
22 substituted in order to render it hydrophobic;
23 i) the side chain of non-natural hydrophobic amino acids selected from
24 the group consisting of: norleucine, norvaline, alloisoleucine,
25 cyclohexylglycine (Chg), α -amino-n-butyric-acid (Aba),
26 cyclohexylalanine (Cha), aminophenylbutyric acid (Pba), mono- and di-
27 substituted phenylalanines in ortho, meta and para positions of the
28 benzene ring with one or more of the following groups: C_{1-10} alkyl,
29 C_{1-10} alkoxy, halogen, β -2-thienylalanine, β -3-thienylalanine, β -2-
30 furanylalanine, β -3-furanylalanine, β -2-piridylalanine, β -3-
31 piridylalanine, β -4-piridylalanine, β -(1-naphthyl)alanine, β -(2-
32 naphthyl)alanine, O-alkylated serine-threonine- tyrosine-derivatives,
33 S-alkyl cysteine, S-alkyl homocysteine, N-alkyl lysine, N-alkyl
34 ornithine, N-alkyl 2,3 diaminopropionic acid.
1 3. Compounds as claimed in claim 2 wherein the side chain of a
2 hydrophobic amino acid according to paragraph g) is the side chain of
3 an amino acid selected from the group consisting of: glycine, alanine,

4 valine, leucine, isoleucine, methionine, phenylalanine, tyrosine,
5 tryptophan, proline, histidine, asparagine, glutamine.

1 4. Compounds as claimed in claim 2, wherein the side chain of an
2 hydrophilic amino acid suitably substituted according to paragraph (h)
3 is the side chain of an amino acid selected from the group consisting
4 of: serine, threonine, cysteine, aspartic acid, glutamic acid, t-
5 carboxyglutamic acid, arginine, ornithine, lysine.

1 5. Compounds according to Claim 2 wherein the hydrophilic groups are
2 chosen in the group L-Q wherein L is a chemical bond or a linear or
3 branched C₁₋₆ alkyl-group and Q is chosen in the group consisting of:
4 i) hydroxyl, amine, guanidine, carboxyl, sulfate, phosphonate,
5 phosphate;

6 ii) linear, branched or cyclic C₁₋₆ alkyl chain containing one or more
7 hydroxyl, amine, guanidine, carboxyl, sulfate, phosphate;
8 iii) an aromatic group mono-, di- or tri-substituted ortho-, meta-,
9 para-position with hydroxyl, amino, guanidine, carboxyl, sulfate,
10 phosphate;

11 iv) a group M, OM, CONHM, NHCOM wherein M is an hydrophilic group
12 v) an hydrophilic group according to points i)-iv) protected with
13 groups which are biologically hydrolized reforming an hydrophilic
14 group.

1 6. Compounds according to Claim 5 wherein the group M is chosen in the
2 group consisting of:

3 i) eventually substituted mono-, di-, tri-glycosidic residues;
4 ii) linear, branched or cyclic C₁₋₆ alkyl-chains, containing one or
5 more groups hydroxyl, amine, guanidine, carboxyl, sulfate,
6 phosphonate, phosphate.

1 7. Compounds of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 6, wherein the
2 glycosidic residues are selected from the group consisting of:
3 hexoses or pentoses of D or L series in α or β configuration, selected
4 from the group wherein: all C atoms bear a free or protected
5 hydroxylic group; one or more hydroxyls are substituted by: hydrogen;
6 an amino or acylamino group; C₆ of hexoses and C₅ of pentoses are
7 part of a carboxylic group; and wherein the eventually present 2 or 3
8 glycosidic units are linked by a glycosidic bond of α or β
9 configuration.

1 8. Compounds of general Formula (I) according to claim 7 selected from
2 the group consisting of: D or L ribose, D or L arabinose, D or L
3 xylose, D or L lyxose, D or L allose, D or L altrose, D or L glucose,
4 D or L mannose, D or L gulose, D or L idose, D or L galactose, D or L
5 talose, D or L allulose, D or L fructose, D or L sorbose, D or L
6 tagatose; 5-deoxy-D or L-arabinose, 2-deoxy-D or L-glucose, 2-deoxy-D
7 or L-galactose, 2-deoxy-D or L-arabinose, 2-deoxy-D or L-ribose, D or
8 L fucose, D or L ramnose; D-glucosamine, D-mannosamine, D-
9 galactosamine, daunosamine, acosamine and N-acylate derivates thereof
10 with lower fat acids, i.e. containing a N-formylic, acetylic,
11 propionilic, butyric residue; glucuronic acid, galacturonic acid;
12 cellobiose, lactose, maltose, D-lactosamine, cellobiose, maltotriose;
13 tris(hydroxymethyl)methyl, D or L arabitol, D or L erythrol, D or L
14 perseitol, D or L ribitol, D or L sorbitol, D or L xylitol; or those
15 from the residue of tartaric acid, glucaric acid, gluconic acid,
16 bycin, quinic acid, mucic acid, glucosaminic acid.

1 9. Compounds of general Formula (I) according to claim 1, wherein if
2 on or both R₁ and R₄ groups are hydrophilic, both R₂ and R₃ groups

3 are hydrophobic or viceversa.

1 10. Compounds as claimed in claim 1, as hereinafter indicated:

2 i) cyclo([Asn(β-D-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 1)

3 ii) cyclo([Ser(β-D-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No.
4 2)

5 iii) cyclo ([Asn (β-D-2-deoxy-2-amino-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]
6 cyclo (2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 3)

7 iv) cyclo ([Asn(β-D-2-deoxy-2-acetamido-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-
8 Leu]cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 4)

9 v) cyclo([Nle-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Asn(β-D-2-deoxy-2-acetamido-Glc)]
10 cyclo(2β-5β)) (SEQ ID 5)

11 vi) cyclo ([Asn(β-D-ribofuranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo
12 (2β-5β)) (SEQ ID 6)

13 vii) cyclo ([Ser(β-D-ribofuranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo
14 (2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 7)

15 viii) cyclo([Asn(β-L-arabinofuranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo
16 (2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 8)

17 ix) cyclo([Ser(β-L-arabinofuranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo
18 (2β-5β)) (SEQ ID No. 9)

19 x) cyclo([Asn(β-D-mannopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo(2β-5β))
20 (SEQ ID No. 10)

21 xi) cyclo([Ser(β-D-mannopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo(2β-5β))
22 (SEQ ID No. 11)

23 xii) cyclo([Asn(β-D-galactopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo (2β-
24 5β)) (SEQ ID No. 12)

25 xiii) cyclo([Ser(β-D-galactopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo (2β-
26 5β)) (SEQ ID No. 13)

27 xiv) cyclo ([Asn(β -D-glucuronopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-
28 Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 14)

29 xv) cyclo ([Ser(β -D-glucuronopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]
30 cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 15)

31 xvi) cyclo ([Asn(1-deoxy-sorbitol-1-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo
32 (2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 16)

33 xvii) cyclo ([Asn [(4-O-(α -D-Glc)- β -D-Glc)]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-
34 Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 17)

35 xviii) cyclo ([Asn[(4-O-(α -D-galactopyranosyl)- β -D-Glc)]-Asp-Trp-Phe-
36 Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 18)

37 xix) cyclo ([Asn [O- α -D-Glc-(1-4)-O- α -D-Glc-(1-4)- α -D-Glc]-Asp-Trp-
38 Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 19)

39 xx) cyclo ([Asn(D-2-deoxy-glucopyranos-2-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-
40 Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 20)

41 xxi) cyclo ([Dap[D(-)-quinyl]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ
42 ID No. 21)

43 xxii) cyclo ([Dap[D-gluconyl]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu] cyclo (2 β -5 β)) (SEQ
44 ID No. 22)

45 xxiii) cyclo ([Dap[D-glucuryl]-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ
46 ID No. 23)

47 xxiv) cyclo([Dap(2-sulfo-benzoyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β))
48 (SEQ ID No. 24)

49 xxv) cyclo ([Asn(4-sulfo-phenyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β))
50 (SEQ ID No. 25)

51 xxvi) cyclo ([Asn(β -L-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID
52 No. 26)

53 xxvii) cyclo ([Asn(β -D-2-de xy-glucopyran s-2-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-

54 Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 27)
55 xxviii) cyclo ([Asn(β -D-2-deoxy-mannopyranos-2-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-
56 Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 28)
57 xxix) cyclo ([Asn(D-2-deoxy-galactopyranos-2-yl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-
58 Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 29)
59 xxx) cyclo ([Asn(β -D-xyliopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β))
60 (SEQ ID No. 30)
61 xxxi) cyclo ([Asn(3-sulfo-propionyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo (2 β -
62 5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 31)
63 xxxii) cyclo ([Dap(Lysyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID
64 No. 32)
65 xxxiii) cyclo ([Dap(Arginyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID
66 No. 33)
67 xxxiv) cyclo ([Dap(4-O- β -D-galactopyranosyl)-Asp-Trp-Phe-Dap-Leu]
68 cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 34)
69 xxxv) cyclo ([Asn(2-deoxy-2-trifluoroacetamido- β -D-Glc)-Asp-Trp-Phe-
70 Dap-Leu]cyclo(2 β -5 β)) (SEQ ID No. 35).

1 11. Pharmaceutical compositions containing as active principle
2 compounds of general Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1, combined to
3 suitable carriers.

1 12. Pharmaceutical compositions according to claim 11 for use as
2 tachykinins antagonists.

1 13. Pharmaceutical compositions as claimed in claim 12 for treatment
2 of arthrytis, asthma, inflammations, tumoral growth, gastrointestinal
3 hyp rmotility, Huntingt n's diseas , neuritis, n uralgia, hemicrania,
4 hypertension, urinary incontinence, urticaria, symptoms from carcin id
5 syndrome, flu and cold.

1 14. Methods for treatment of arthrytis, asthma, inflammations, tumoral
2 growth, gastrointestinal hypermotility, Huntington's desease.
3 neuritis, neuralgia, hemicrania, hypertension, urinary incontinence.
4 urticaria, symptoms from carcinoid syndrome, flu and cold, all
5 conditions in which doses comprised between 0.1 and 10 mg/Kg of body
6 weight of active principle consisting of the products of Formula (I),
7 according to claim 1, are administered to the patient.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

In Application No
PCT/EP 96/01028A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 6 C07K7/22 C07K7/56

C07K7/64

C07K9/00

A61K38/12

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)
IPC 6 C07K A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	WO,A,93 21227 (MENARINI ET AL.) 28 October 1993 cited in the application see the whole document ---	1-9, 11-14
Y	INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF PEPTIDE AND PROTEIN RESEARCH, vol. 44, no. 2, August 1994, COPENHAGEN DK, pages 105-111, XP000456585 G HÖLZEMANN ET AL.: "Cyclic hexapeptide NK-2 antagonists" see the whole document ---	1-9, 11-14

 Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *M* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- *&* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

5 July 1996

Date of mailing of the international search report

25.07.96

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 96/01028

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	<p>CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 122, no. 5, 30 January 1995 Columbus, Ohio, US; abstract no. 46372p, C A MAGGI ET AL.: "MEN 10, 627, a novel polycyclic peptide antagonist of tachykinin NK-2 receptors" page 114; XP002007657 see abstract & J PHARM EXP THER, vol. 271, no. 3, 1994, pages 1489-1500,</p> <p>-----</p>	1-14

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

EP 96/01028

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This international search report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. Claims Nos.:

because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

Remark: Although claim 14 refers to a method of treatment of the human body
the search was carried out and based on the alleged effects of the products.

2. Claims Nos.:

because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:

3. Claims Nos.:

because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.

2. As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.

3. As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:

4. No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.

No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

tional Application No

PCT/EP 96/01028

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO-A-9321227	28-10-93	BG-A- 99110 CZ-A- 9402542 EP-A- 0636146 FI-A- 944838 HU-A- 70189 JP-T- 8500331 NO-A- 943861 SK-A- 124294 ZA-A- 9302644	29-09-95 12-07-95 01-02-95 14-10-94 28-09-95 16-01-96 13-10-94 11-07-95 22-10-93

